MALDEN CATHOLIC

# Course 4630 AP Physics 1 Required Summer Review Packet 

All work is due Day 1 2022-2023
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Welcome to AP Physics 1
This course focus is based on AP Physics 1 Big Ideas - Major Concepts
The big ideas serve as the foundation of the course and allow students to create meaningful connections among concepts. They are often abstract concepts or themes that become threads that run throughout the course. Revisiting the big ideas and applying them in a variety of contexts allows students to develop deeper conceptual understanding. Below are the big ideas of the course and a brief description of each.

BIG IDEA 1: SYSTEMS

- Objects and systems have properties such as mass and charge. Systems may have internal structure.

BIG IDEA 2: FIELDS

- Fields existing in space can be used to explain interactions.

BIG IDEA 3: FORCE INTERACTIONS

- The interactions of an object with other objects can be described by forces.

BIG IDEA 4: CHANGE

- Interactions between systems can result in changes in those systems.

BIG IDEA 5: CONSERVATION

- Changes that occur as a result of interactions are constrained by conservation laws.

To get started, this summer packet is a mathematical review/concept to enable us to start off Day 1 into Kinematics.

Assignment

1. Review Chapter 1 in Textbook-Textbook is your reference guide.


Etkina, Planinsic \& Van Heuvelen, College Physics: Explore and Apply $2^{\text {nd }}$ Edition ISBN-13: 978-0134601823, Pearson 2019
2. Watch the following videos on APlusPhysics.com for review \& examples.
a. What is Physics
b. Significant Figures
c. Scientific Notation
d. Metric System
e. Scalar and Vector Quantities
3. Work on the problems assigned on the following pages. Show all work on separate paper.

## College Physics: Explore and Apply, $2 e$ (Etkina, Planinsic, and Van Heuvelen) Chapter 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Conceptual Questions

1) In the product $A, B$, and $C$, the quantity $A$ has 5 significant figures, $B$ has 2 significant figures, and $C$ has 3 significant figures. How many significant figures does the product have?
A) 10
B) 5
C) 4
D) 3
E) 2
2) In the quotient $\frac{A}{B \cdot C}$, the quantity $A$ has 5 significant figures, $B$ has 2 significant figures, and $C$ has 3 significant figures. How many significant figures does the quotient have?
A) 2
B) 3
C) 4
D) 0
E) 1
3) How many significant figures are in the number 0.0037010 ?
A) eight
B) seven
C) $\operatorname{six}$
D) five
E) four
4) How many significant figures are in the number 0.010 ?
A) four
B) three
C) two
D) one
5) How many significant figures are in the number 120.070 ?
A) three
B) four
C) five
D) six
6) The number of significant figures in 10001 is
A) two
B) three
C) five
D) $\operatorname{six}$
7) The number of significant figures in 0.01500 is
A) two
B) three
C) four
D) five
8) The number of significant figures in 0.040 is
A) one
B) two
C) three
D) four

Answer: B
9) Which of the following numbers has 4 significant figures; which has 5 significant figures?
A) 3001
B) 0.00370
C) 4774.00
D) 29.290
10) In a parallel universe, the quantity $\pi$ has the value 3.14049 . Express $\pi$ in that universe to
(A) four significant figures
(B) five significant figures
11) A reasonable estimate for the mass of a typical female college student is
A) 300 kg
B) 200 kg
C) 150 kg
D) 50 kg
E) 20 kg
12) A reasonable estimate for the height of an ordinary adult male is
A) 50 cm
B) 70 cm
C) 200 cm
D) 300 cm
13) A reasonable estimate for the mass of a typical new-born baby is
A) 1 kg
B) 3 kg
C) 10 kg
D) 20 kg
14) A reasonable estimate for the height of the walls of a room in an ordinary American home is
A) 10 m
B) 8 m
C) 2.5 m
D) 1.5 m
15) A reasonable estimate for the duration of a typical physics lecture is
A) 600 s
B) 1000 s
C) 3500 s
D) $10,000 \mathrm{~s}$
16) A reasonable estimate for the mass of an ordinary passenger car is
A) 100 kg
B) 1000 kg
C) 5000 kg
D) $10,000 \mathrm{~kg}$
1.2 Problems

1) What is the product of 12.56 and 2.12 expressed to the correct number of significant figures?
A) 27
B) 26.6
C) 26.23
D) 26.627
2) What is the quotient of $2.43 \div 4.561$ expressed to the correct number of significant figures?
A) $5.3278 \times 10^{-1}$
B) $5.328 \times 10^{-1}$
C) $5.33 \times 10^{-1}$
D) $5.3 \times 10^{-1}$
3) What is $\frac{0.674}{0.74}$ expressed to the correct number of significant figures?
A) 0.9
B) 0.91
C) 0.911
D) 0.9108
4) The length and width of a rectangle are 1.125 m and 0.606 m , respectively. Multiplying, your calculator gives the product as 0.68175 . Rounded properly to the correct number of significant figures, the area of the rectangle should be written as
A) $0.68 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
B) $0.682 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
C) $0.6818 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
D) $0.68175 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
5) The last page of a book is numbered 764 . The book is 3.0 cm thick, not including its covers. What is the average thickness (in centimeters) of a page (a leaf) in the book, rounded to the proper number of significant figures?
A) 0.0039 cm
B) 0.00393 cm
C) 0.00785 cm
D) 0.0079 cm
E) 0.072 cm
6) A rectangular garden measures 15 m long and 13.70 m wide. What is the length of a diagonal from one corner of the garden to the opposite corner?
A) 18 m
B) 19 m
C) 20 m
D) $4.1 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~m}$
7) If a circle has a radius of 1.109 m , what is its area, expressed to the correct number of significant figures?
A) $3.86 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
B) $3.863 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
C) $3.86379 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
D) $3.8638 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
E) $3.864 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
8) From a digital balance, the mass of a certain piece of wood is read as 12.946 g . Thinking in terms of accuracy and significant figures, what value would you record on your data sheet if the balance is accurate to one-tenth of a gram?
A) 12.9 g
B) 12.95 g
C) 13 g
D) 13.0 g
9) Which of the following numbers is the smallest?
A) $15 \times 10-3$
B) $0.15 \times 10^{0}$
C) $0.00015 \times 10^{3}$
D) $0.00000015 \times 106$
10) Which one of the following numbers is equivalent to the number 0.0001776 ?
A) $17.76 \times 10^{-3}$
B) $1.776 \times 10-4$
C) $1776 \times 10-5$
D) $177.6 \times 10^{-7}$
11) Write out the number $8.42 \times 10^{-5}$ in full with a decimal point and correct number of zeros.
A) 0.00000842
B) 0.0000842
C) 0.000842
D) 0.00842
12) What is the result of the calculation $(0.410+0.021) \times\left(2.20 \times 10^{3}\right)$ ?
A) 880
B) 946
C) 948
D) 950
13) Express $\left(2.2 \times 10^{6}\right)-1 / 2$ in scientific notation.
A) $1.5 \times 10-5$
B) $6.7 \times 10-4$
C) $1.5 \times 10^{3}$
D) $1.5 \times 10^{4}$
14) Express the number 13.5 gigameters in meters without using scientific notation.
A) $135,000 \mathrm{~m}$
B) $135,000,000 \mathrm{~m}$
C) $135,000,000,000 \mathrm{~m}$
D) $13,500,000,000 \mathrm{~m}$
15) A volume of 100 mL is equivalent to which one of the following volumes?
A) 1 kl
B) $10-6 \mu \mathrm{l}$
C) 0.01 ml
D) 0.1 L
16) The volume of a $10-\mathrm{ml}$ test tube is equivalent to which one of the following quantities?
A) $1 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~L}$
B) 0.001 kl
C) 0.1 L
D) 0.01 L
E) 0.001 ml
17) The number $0.00325 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{~cm}$ can be expressed in millimeters as
A) $3.25 \times 10-12 \mathrm{~mm}$
B) $3.25 \times 10-11 \mathrm{~mm}$
C) $3.25 \times 10-10 \mathrm{~mm}$
D) $3.25 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~mm}$
18) The prefix yotta $(\mathrm{Y})$ signifies a multiple of 1024 . How many yottameters are there in a gigameter?
19) The quantity $0.00325 \times 10-8 \mathrm{~mm}$ is equivalent to
A) $3.25 \times 10-12 \mathrm{~cm}$
B) $3.25 \times 10-11 \mathrm{~cm}$
C) $3.25 \times 10-10 \mathrm{~cm}$
D) $3.25 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~cm}$
E) $3.25 \times 10-8 \mathrm{~cm}$
20) A weight lifter can bench press 171 kg . How many milligrams is this?
A) $1.71 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{mg}$
B) $1.71 \times 108 \mathrm{mg}$
C) $1.71 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{mg}$
D) $1.71 \times 106 \mathrm{mg}$

Answer: B
21) How many nanoseconds (ns) does it take for a computer to perform one calculation if it performs $6.7 \times 10^{7}$ calculations per second?
A) 11 ns
B) 15 ns
C) 65 ns
D) 67 ns
22) A certain CD-ROM disk can store 600 megabytes of information. If an average word requires 9.0 bytes of storage, how many words can be stored on one disk?
A) $6.7 \times 10^{7}$ words
B) $5.4 \times 10^{9}$ words
C) $2.1 \times 10^{7}$ words
D) $2.0 \times 10^{9}$ words
23) The wavelength of the light from a certain laser is 0.66 microns, where 1 micron $=1.0 \times 10^{-}$ 6 m . What is this wavelength in nanometers? $\left(1 \mathrm{~nm}=10^{-9} \mathrm{~m}\right)$
A) $6.6 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~nm}$
B) $6.6 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~nm}$
C) $6.6 \times 10^{1} \mathrm{~nm}$
D) $6.6 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~nm}$
24) The mass of Mars, $6.40 \times 1023 \mathrm{~kg}$, is about one-tenth that of Earth, and its radius, 3395 km , is about half that of Earth. What is the mean density (mass divided by volume) of Mars in kilograms per cubic meter?
A) $9.76 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
B) $1.95 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
C) $3.90 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
D) $7.81 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$
25) Estimate how many pennies you would have to stack to reach from the floor to an average 8ft ceiling.
A) $2 \times 10^{6}$
B) $2 \times 10^{5}$
C) $2 \times 10^{4}$
D) $2 \times 10^{3}$
E) $2 \times 10^{2}$
26) Estimate the number of times the earth will rotate on its axis during a human's lifetime.
A) $3 \times 108$
B) $3 \times 10^{7}$
C) $3 \times 10^{6}$
D) $3 \times 10^{5}$
E) $3 \times 10^{4}$
27) Estimate the thickness, in meters, of an ordinary sheet of paper.
A) $10-8 \mathrm{~m}$
B) $10-7 \mathrm{~m}$
C) $10-6 \mathrm{~m}$
D) $10-5 \mathrm{~m}$
E) $10-4 \mathrm{~m}$
28) Which of the following is the most reasonable estimate of the number of characters (typed letters or numbers) in a 194-page book? Assume an average of 600 words per page and a reasonable average number of letters per word.
A) $5 \times 10^{5}$ characters
B) $5 \times 10^{7}$ characters
C) $5 \times 10^{6}$ characters
D) $5 \times 10^{4}$ characters
29) A marathon race is 26 mi and 385 yd long. Estimate how many strides would be required to run a marathon. Assume a reasonable value for the average number of feet/stride.
A) $4.5 \times 10^{4}$ strides
B) $4.5 \times 10^{3}$ strides
C) $4.5 \times 10^{5}$ strides
D) $4.5 \times 106$ strides
30) Estimate the number of times an average person's heart beats in a lifetime. Assume the average heart rate is 69 beats $/ \mathrm{min}$ and a life span of 75 years.
A) $3 \times 10^{9}$ beats
B) $3 \times 10^{8}$ beats
C) $3 \times 1010$ beats
D) $3 \times 10^{7}$ beats

